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Quarantine regulations at Hamburg on account of plague.

[Inclosure from U. S. consul at Hamburg—Translation.]

NOTIFICATION OF THE SENATE—REGULATION FOR THE SANITARY POLICE CONTROL OF ALL SEAFARING SHIPS IN THIS HARBOR.

HAMBURG, *September 7, 1899.*

For the prevention of a possible introduction of a case of plague, the senate, according to paragraph No. 2, of the harbor law of June 2, 1898, decrees as follows:

All officers and crews of ships entering Hamburg are not allowed to leave their ship, before the examination by the quarantine doctor or one of his assistants, as prescribed by paragraph No. 18, of the harbor regulations of June 30, 1897, has taken place. The first examination will take place immediately after the ship has been moored and also even after nightfall if necessary.

The harbor police are required to prevent any transgression of this regulation.

According to paragraph 19 of the harbor regulations, such persons suffering from contagious diseases, such as fever, cholera morbus, eruptions of the skin, or scurvy are not allowed to leave the ship without examination, as well as permission of the quarantine doctor.

Any disregard of this law is punishable, according to paragraph No. 38 of the harbor laws, with a fine of 150 marks or six weeks imprisonment.

Given in the meeting of the senate, Hamburg, September 6, 1899.

GREECE.

Quarantine information.

ATHENS, GREECE, *August 31, 1899.*

SIR: I have the honor to advise you that under date of August 24, 1899, the Greek minister of foreign affairs has notified the United States legation here of the following changes in the quarantine regulations of Greece, viz: (1) All merchandise arriving at Grecian ports from Crete shall be admitted without disinfection or delay; (2) All arrivals at Grecian ports from Portugal shall undergo a strict quarantine of eleven days, not counting the time consumed in the passage; and importation of merchandise from Portugal is prohibited from and after August 14, 1899.

Respectfully, yours,

DANIEL E. MCGINLEY,
Consul.

The honorable the ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.

ITALY.

Maritime sanitary order No. 10.

[Translated in this Bureau from official copy.]

ROME, *August 25, 1899.*

The existence of bubonic plague on the east coast of the Portuguese colony of Mozambique being officially reported, all ports of the said Portuguese colony of Mozambique, situated on the Indian Ocean, are declared infected with bubonic plague, and all arrivals from the same are subject to maritime sanitary measures.

BERTOLINI,
Minister.

JAPAN.

Report from Yokohama.

YOKOHAMA, JAPAN, *July 20, 1899.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that during the half year ended June 30, 1899, I have officially inspected vessels bound for ports in the United States, 81 in number, or an average of one every two and one-fifth days.